## Food and Drink Federation

## Tackling Obesity Survey

Summary of findings about public attitudes to in-store promotions

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## Introduction

## Objectives and methodology



## Methodology

- BritainThinks was commissioned by the Food and Drink Federation (FDF) to explore public attitudes and behaviours* in relation to food and drink shopping in supermarkets, including views of promotions.
- In the research, promotions were defined as including 2-for-1 deals or 2 for $£ 5$ deals
- Online omnibus survey
- Fieldwork: $8^{\text {th }}-10^{\text {th }}$ January 2021
- 2,024 GB adults aged 18+ (of whom 1,748 do at least some of their shopping in-store)
- Nationally-representative of the population in Great Britain by gender, age, region and socio-economic grade

This report presents a summary of some of the key findings from the survey in relation to views of promotions.

## Key findings

A large majority of in-store shoppers (73\%) say they usually or always purchase products that are on promotion when they do their food shopping.

Women, younger adults, parents of young children, BAME groups, and people more concerned about being able to afford their weekly shop more frequently purchase items on promotion.

Nearly two thirds (62\%) of in-store shoppers agree that promotions are an important way to save money on food and drink. If there were no more promotions, a quarter ( $25 \%$ ) of in-store shoppers would be concerned about being able to afford their shopping.

On balance, a large majority of in-store shoppers (72\%) want retailers to continue offering promotions. They are widely seen as a way of keeping household costs down, stocking up on items for the future and trying new products or brands.

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Only a minority of in-store shoppers (28\%) believe promotions lead them to buy unhealthier products than they otherwise would.

## Background views and behaviours

## Around a third (32\%) of the public sometimes or often worry about being able to afford their weekly food and drink shopping

## Level of concern about ability to afford weekly food and drink shop(s)

The following groups of people are all more likely to say they sometimes/often worry about affording their weekly shop:

- Women ( $38 \%$ ) are more likely than men ( $25 \%$ )
- People aged 25-34 (43\%) and 35-44 (40\%) are more likely than those aged 55-64 (29\%) and 65+ (11\%)
- Those with children under 18 ( $46 \%$ ) are more likely than those without (27\%)
- BAME respondents $(46 \%)$ are more likely than white respondents (30\%)
- Those who are social grade DE ( $41 \%$ ) are more likely than those who are social grade AB (27\%), C1 (31\%) and C2 (29\%)


## A large majority (87\%) of the public do at least some of their food shopping in-store in supermarkets

Frequency of online and in-store food and drink shopping


Please note that throughout the remainder of the report will be focusing on in-store shoppers only i.e. those who say they either do all or some of their food and drink shopping in-store in supermarkets.

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## Impact of promotions on behaviour

## Current behaviour

We asked in-store shoppers several questions about their current shopping behaviours

## Almost three-quarters (73\%) of in-store shoppers usually purchase products that are on promotion when they do their food shopping

Frequency of purchase of food and drink products on promotion


## Women, younger adults, parents and those with affordability concerns are more likely to purchasing items on promotion



## Shoppers are as likely to agree as disagree that promotions have an impact on what they buy

Impact of promotions on the purchase of food and drink products


## Predicted behaviour

We asked in-store shoppers to predict their shopping behaviour in a hypothetical scenario where there were no more promotions on food and drink products

## If there were no more promotions, only 1 in 5 (22\%) of in-store shoppers believe the items they regularly buy would change significantly

Likelihood of changing items regularly bought if promotions were to end


- If there were no more promotions on food and drink products, the items I buy on a regular basis would change significantly
- If there were no more promotions on food and drink products, the items I buy on a regular basis would stay largely the same
- Don't know

The following groups of people are all more likely to say that the items they buy on a regular basis would change if there were no more promotions:

- People aged 18-24 (33\%) are more likely compared to those aged 65+ (8\%)
- Those with children under 18 ( $32 \%$ ) are more likely compared to those without children under 18 (18\%)
- Those sometimes/often concerned about affording their weekly shop ( $34 \%$ ) are more likely compared to those rarely/never concerned (16\%)
- BAME respondents (35\%) are more likely compared to white respondents (20\%)


## Two-thirds of in-store shoppers (68\%) would buy the same items even without promotions, with a quarter ( $23 \%$ ) buying fewer

## Predicted change in shopping behaviour if items regularly bought on promotion were no longer promoted



## If there were no more promotions, a quarter (25\%) of in-store shoppers would be concerned about being able to afford their shopping <br> The following groups of people are all more likely to say

Concerns around affording household shopping without promotions


- If there were no more promotions on food and drink products in supermarkets, I would be concerned about being able to afford my household's shopping
- If there were no more promotions on food and drink products in supermarkets, I would not be concerned about being able to afford our household's shopping
- Don't know
that they would be concerned about being able to afford their household's shopping if there were no more promotions on food and drink products:
- People aged 18-24 (32\%) are more likely compared to those aged 65+ (11\%)
- Those with children under 18 (35\%) are more likely compared to those without children under 18 (22\%)
- Those sometimes/often concerned about affording their weekly shop ( $46 \%$ ) are more likely compared to those rarely/never concerned (15\%)
- BAME respondents (35\%) are more likely compared to white respondents (24\%)
- Those who usually/always purchase items on promotion (31\%) more likely compared to those who rarely/ never do (8\%)


## Attitudes towards promotions

## There is relatively widespread recognition of a variety of benefits of promotions, particularly in terms of saving money and stocking up

Agreement with statements about food and drink product promotions


## A significant minority believe promotions tempt them into buying unnecessary things and, to a lesser extent, unhealthier products

## Agreement with statements about food and drink product promotions



## The vast majority of in-store shoppers say that, on balance, they want retailers to continue offering promotions on food and drink

## Level of support for a continuation of promotions on food and drink



The following groups of people are all more likely to say that they want promotions on food and drink products to continue:

- Those aged 25-34 (71\%), 35-44 (80\%), 45-54 (76\%), $55-64(72 \%)$ are more likely compared to those aged 65+ (63\%)
- Those with children aged 11-18 (79\%) are more likely compared to those with children aged $0-10(71 \%)$ and those without children ( $71 \%$ )
- Those who usually/always purchase items on promotion ( $80 \%$ ) more likely compared to those who rarely/never do (53\%)


## Britainthinks

_ـ_ Insight \& Strategy

## Thank you

For more information:
Raphael Malek rmalek@britainthinks.com
Sanne van der Steeg svandersteeg@britainthinks.com

## BritainThinks <br> Somerset House <br> Strand <br> London <br> WC2R 1LA

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